

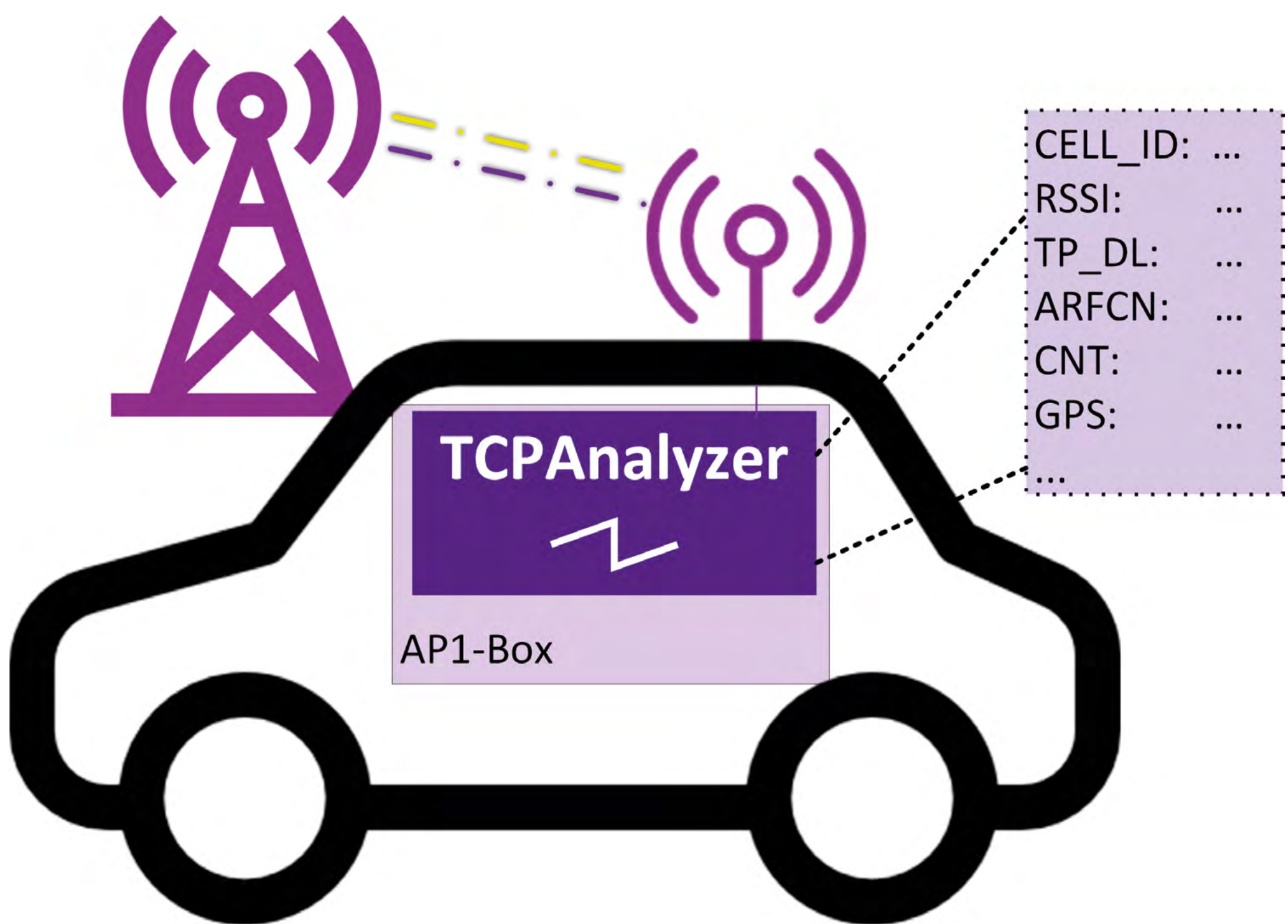
LTE Throughput Measurement and Prediction

RESEARCH TOPIC

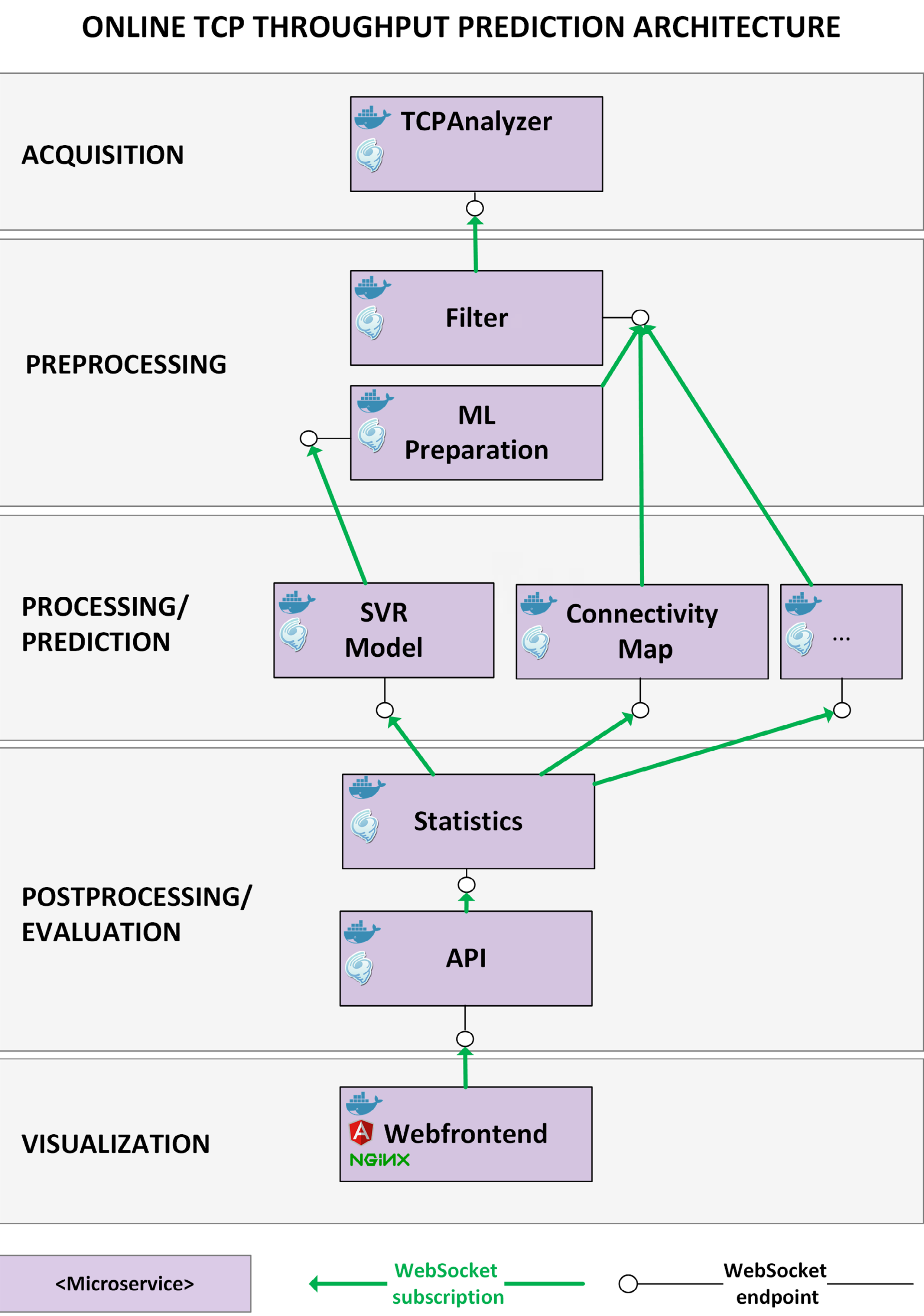
In order to ensure a **reliable connection** between AP1-Box and the Safety Server the overall **Quality of Service** and especially the **maximal data throughput** of the LTE mobile network were investigated.

DATA AQUISITION

- A measurement tool called **TCPAnalyzer** was developed, which countinously measures connection details **passively**.
- Therefore, the TCPAnalyzer monitors control messages of the TCP protocol for establishing (SYN, SYN-ACK, ACK) and closing a connection (FIN, ACK). Based on these values, round trip times (RTT) and data throughput are calculated.
- Additionally, physical properties of the connection, e.g. **RSSI** and **SINR**, are retrieved from the modem.

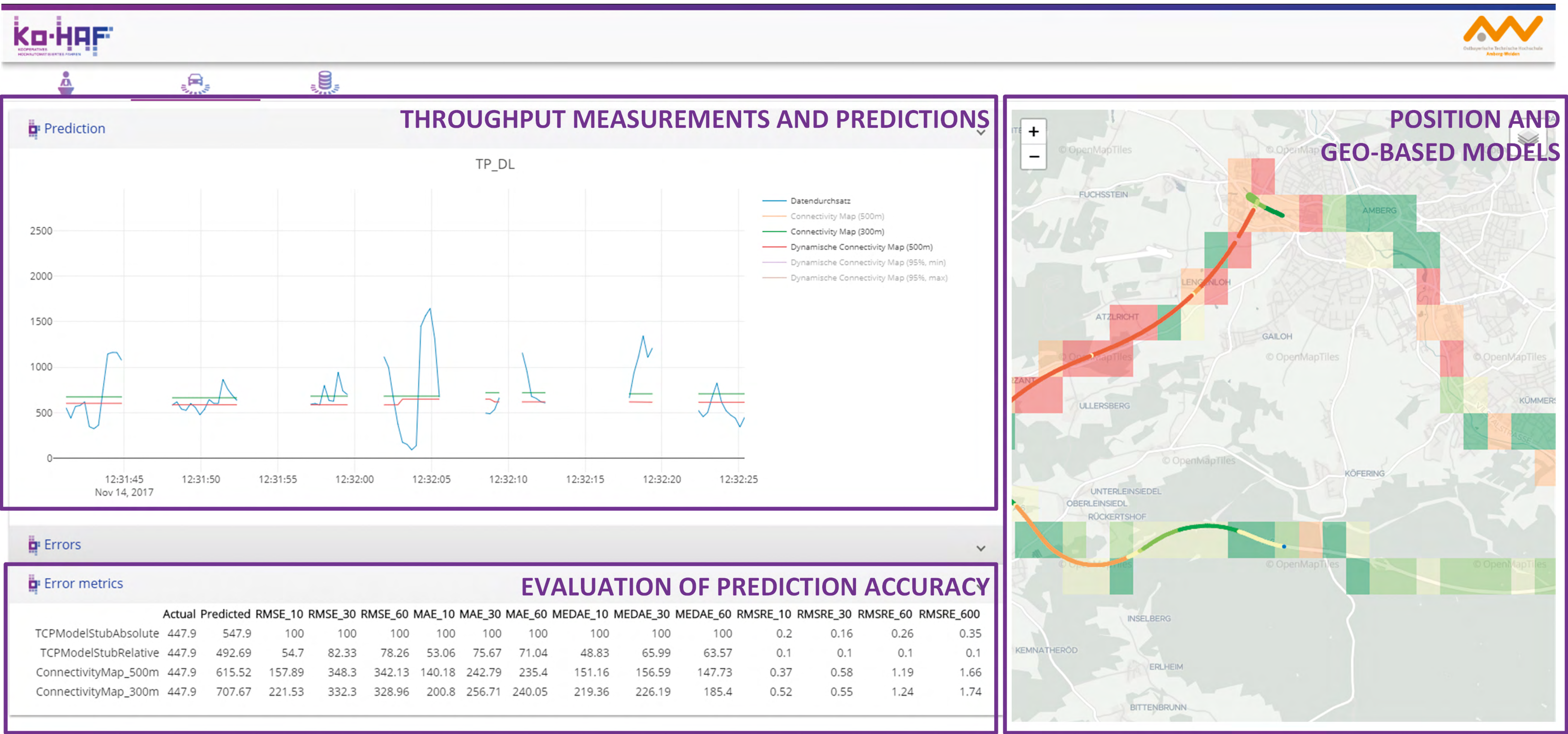


PREDICTION ARCHITECTURE



- Based on the aforementioned measurements different estimators either using geo-based **aggregation methods** (connectivity maps) or **machine learning algorithms** (support vector regression, random forests) are created in order to predict the upcoming data throughput.
- The general idea is to use geo-based estimators while his-torical data is available and to use machine learning algo-rithms for unknown areas.
- These trained models are inserted into a **data processing pipeline** based on a **microservice architecture** which is designed for online prediction and evaluation of the data throughput.
- Each microservice implements a specific loose part in the processing pipeline to increase cohesion of the component.
- All microservices are containerized using **Docker** to simplify deployment. This composition is running on the AP1-Box.
- Microservices are connected using **WebSockets** provided by the Tornado framework (Python).

ONLINE VISUALIZATION AND EVALUATION



Web frontend for online visualization of measurements and prediction model accuracy